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SALEM NURSERIES

COPE BROS. & FULTZ NURSERY, INC.



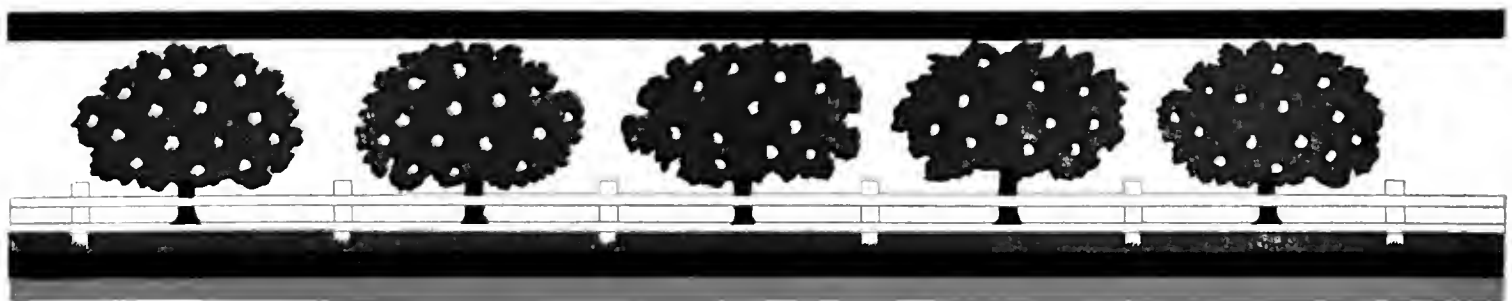
Evergreens, Fruits, Ornamental
Trees, Shrubs, Roses and Vines

100 Acres of Stock to Pick From

Phone 1048

ON DEPOT ROAD, one-half
Mile South of Penna. Depot

SALEM, OHIO



OUR SERVICE

In the Nursery trade there has grown up a standard of ethics which is observed by all reputable nurserymen, and you are respectfully referred to these terms and conditions when placing your orders:

THE SHIPPING SEASON generally begins from the first to the middle of April in the spring, and about the 15th of October in the autumn.

EARLY ORDERS—to one familiar with the rush at the packing season, it must be obvious that it is impossible to fill an order requiring much time, in its preparation on short notice without doing an injustice to others who have their orders previously booked. In fairness to all, we have adopted the practice of filling orders in the rotation received, unless orders are received far enough ahead of the packing season, with instructions to ship at a given date, so that we can arrange a special shipping date. So we again say—place your orders as far in advance of shipping as you possibly can, stating when you would like stock sent.

REPLACING STOCK—Everyone is familiar with the fact that in the planting of a tree, the weather and the care afterward have as much to do with the tree starting as has the handling beforehand. To make the loss balance we agree to replace all stock lost the first year from other causes than abuse or neglect at one half the first cost, providing the stock has been paid for when it leaves the nursery.

HOW TO LOCATE OUR NURSERY—Turn off State Street onto South Ellsworth. We are one mile out. In coming west on State street, Ellsworth crosses at the fourth light. In coming east on State street Ellsworth crosses at the first light east of the railroad.

TERMS AND CONDITIONS—Cash must come with order unless otherwise specially agreed upon. Make checks, money orders, or bank drafts payable to Cope Brothers & Fultz, Inc. We have arranged to pack all orders free of charge and deliver same to transportation company at which time they are at the risk of the buyer, and all claims for damage because of delays should be presented to the railroad company.

Our Guaranteer—While we use great care to have our stock genuine and true to label, all orders are accepted with the express understanding and agreement with the purchaser, that should any stock not prove true to label, we hold ourselves ready upon proper proof to refund the money paid for it, or will replace with other stock, but shall not be liable to damages other than herein named.

Certificate of Nursery Inspection Furnished With All Shipments.





APPLES--The King of All Fruits

The scions from which these trees were budded came from the most profitable orchards in this part of the state. Our old experienced orchardists assist us in getting the scions and we feel in this way we can give a tree that will make a better grade of fruit and be more profitable to the planter.

This stock has all been budded on French Crab root, a hardier stock than the native American and will come into bearing in one half the time.

We are glad to offer to our customers this list of apple trees, covering the varieties that have proven valuable in a commercial way as well as home use. When ordering for roadside market or home use one should choose varieties covering all seasons of the year, but for wholesale market choose not more than two or three varieties. Apples will command a higher price when offered in car lots of one variety. We have the following stock to offer in one and two year trees.

3 to 5 ft. Whips 30c each \$25.00 per hundred

2 yr. 5 to 7 ft. 50c each \$40.00 per hundred

2 yr. 4 to 5 ft. 40c each \$30.00 per hundred

SUMMER VARIETIES

EARLY HARVEST—Medium to large size, almost round, bright yellow skin, or good quality and a good bearer.

RED ASTRACHAN—Large and a great bearer; deep crimson, rather sour but fine for cooking.

SWEET BOUGH—Fine size and very sweet; is a good bearer; pale yellow, ripens in August.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT—The earliest apple, pale lemon color. Bears very young.

FALL VARIETIES

CHENANGO STRAWBERRY—Fruit is oblong shaped and flesh of fine quality, yellow, striped with red, good bearer and fine for eating.

COMMON RAMBO—Medium size; the very best quality, good bearer, fine for eating, streaked with red on sunny side.

DUCHESS—Very hardy; a great bearer, good size, flesh tender and juicy; skin streaked with red and yellow.

FALL PIPPIN—Very large; skin yellow, good quality; valuable for cooking and market.

MAIDEN BLUSH—Large, flat, pale yellow with a red cheek; very beautiful, a good bearer.
OHIO NONPARIEL—Of largest size, top notch in quality; brings highest market price on account of its beautiful red color; very hardy and valuable.

MELBA AND JOYCE—are two new fall varieties recently introduced in this section and compare favorably with Wealthy and Duchess.

SMOKEHOUSE—Tree hardy and a good bearer, flesh tender and spicy and cooks well; very desirable.

Cope Bros. & Fultz Nursery Inc.
Salem, Ohio.

Gentlemen:

It is a pleasure to recommend your nursery to anybody who wants fruit trees that are of good quality and true to name, also reasonable in price, this statement being based on my own experience with trees for a forty-acre orchard that was planted in 1920 and 1922. One row of the Jonathans averaged three bushel per tree in 1926, and the other varieties have also started to bear nicely, particularly the Stayman and the Rome.

Very truly yours, W. H. Matthews.

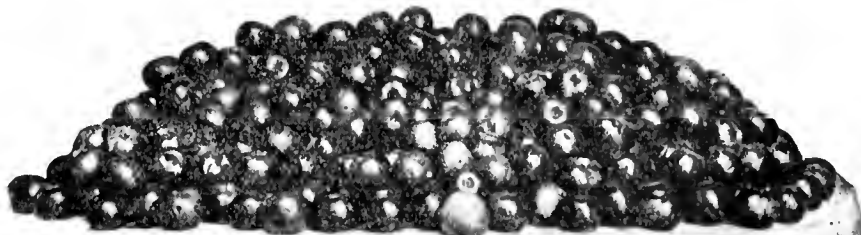
Canfield, Ohio.

Cope Bros. & Fultz Nursery Inc.,
Salem, Ohio.

Gentlemen:

I have been dealing with Cope's Nursery for 40 years and have always found the stock of good quality and true to name and can recommend them for honest dealing.

Yours truly, C. J. Roller.



SWEET WINESAP—Fruit of good size, bright red, good for baking, dessert or apple butter, tree a good bearer; will keep till the holidays.

WEALTHY—Fruit of fair size, almost round and covered with brilliant red stripes, giving it an attractive appearance; tree grows medium size, very hardy and a heavy producer, starting to bear very young, fruit of good quality.

WINTER APPLE

BANANA—Good bearer; fruit perfect in form, golden yellow, good keeper, flesh tender and aromatic, good for dessert.

BALDWIN—The old standard. When planted in good rich soil and is properly pruned and sprayed it has no superior for profit. Fine both for eating and cooking; fruit large, bright red, crisp and juicy.

BENTLY—Medium size; a great bearer, will keep the year round in good condition. Color light red, flesh rather sweet but will cook.

BLUE RAMBO—Very large and great bearer, light blue cast over red stripes, juicy and good.

CORTLAND—Large, red, McIntosh quality and good bearer.

DELICIOUS—Large size, surface covered with beautiful dark red; flesh fine grained, excellent flavor; tree is vigorous and hardy, medium bearer; good keeper, and will command highest market price.

FALLAWATER (Waldour)—Large to very large with smooth skin, yellow, medium quality, a great bearer.

FAMEUSE OR SNOW—Fine for dessert, of medium size, striped red, flesh snowy white, delightful flavor.

FLUSHING SPITZENBURG—Great bearer, good size, is rather flat in shape, striped red and good quality.

GATE—Color yellow with oily skin; quality excellent, good bearer but tree is rather short lived.

GOLDEN RUSSET—Medium size; round, clear, gold russet with slight blush; very hardy, flesh is tender, crisp and juicy.

GRIMES GOLDEN—Medium to large size; beautiful golden color, highest quality, good bearer.

HUBBARDSTON NONSUCH—Large size, skin yellow mottled with red; flesh tender, crisp and best quality, a heavy and regular bearer. Oct. to Jan.

KING—Fruit very large, fine shape and color. Flesh crisp and tender, of good quality, very attractive.

JONATHAN—This is one of the leading commercial apples. It is a very young and heavy bearer, beautiful rich red color, excellent flavor and commands the highest market price.

McINTOSH—Medium size, very dark red, making fine appearance, one of the most beautiful apples, good quality.

NORTHERN SPY—This apple has no superior for beauty and quality; a little late in beginning to bear, but is productive after it starts. Very large, striped red next to sun, profitable.

RHODE ISLAND GREENING—A popular market sort from its large size and fine quality; beautiful yellow when ripe, very productive.

RED ROME BEAUTY—Now being largely planted as a leading market apple; large size, quality excellent, heavy and sure bearer, bright red all over, all combined make it a winner.

STARK—A heavy, sure bearer; fruit large, golden green with red stripes on sunny side; flesh yellow, mild sub-acid.

STAYMAN WINESAP—Now rated as the leading commercial apple, bears young, fine size, yellow skin beautiful covered with stripes of red and carmine, good keeper, flesh crisp, juicy and best quality.

TALMAN SWEET—Very sweet, medium size, color pale yellow, tree vigorous and productive.

WAGNER—Good size, beautiful appearance, bears young, flesh firm, and good quality.

WILLOW TWIG—Color dull red, long keeper, flesh yellow and firm, good size, heavy bearer.

WOLF RIVER—Very large, yellow with highly colored red cheeks; flesh white, spicy flavor; tree hardy and productive.

YORK IMPERIAL—Very productive and hardy, fruit fine size, smooth skin, yellow flushed with red giving it an attractive appearance; good quality, tree bears young.

DWARF APPLES

These trees are budded on Doucine stock and grow to 8 to 10 feet in height, bearing very young and fruit of finest appearance. We have the following varieties: Red Astrachan, Banana, Wealthy, Baldwin, Transparent, Delicious, Spy, Stayman and Jonathan.

CRAB APPLES

HYSLOP—Beautiful crimson, good size, great bearer, used for cider and jelly.

TRANSCENDENT—Beautiful yellow skin, very large, bears young, makes the finest cider and will cook.

Choice Varieties of Peaches

Our peach buds come from selected fruit of the largest size and are budded on natural stock that will make a hardy and profitable tree for the planter. We believe the following varieties best adapted for the planters of this locality.

4 to 6 ft. 40c each \$30.00 per hundred.
 3 to 4 ft. 25c each \$18.00 per hundred.
 Whips 20c each \$10.00 per hundred.

YELLOW VARIETIES

ADMIRAL DEWEY—Medium size, yellow peach; good bearer, very early and good. July.

CROSBY—Medium size; flesh yellow and fine quality; heavier bearer, very hardy. September.

EARLY ELBERTA—Resembles the Elberta except that it ripens about a week earlier and is slightly better quality.

ELBERTA—Without question this is the leading commercial peach; very large, is handsome, bright yellow; flesh juicy and so firm that it stands shipping well, hardy and productive. September 1st to 15th.

EARLY CRAWFORD—Much like late Crawford in size and color; very good quality; ripens about September 1.

GARY—This is a chance seedling growing on the farm of G. E. Greenisen of Salem, Ohio. It has been producing crops regularly for the past several years, and the fruit is superior to anything else in the peach line that we have ever seen. Of immense size, averaging about one-half larger than Elberta, and slightly more elongated in shape, skin is yellow covered with bright red, causing it to make a most attractive appearance both while on the tree and in the market basket. Flesh yellow, firm and of excellent quality, and ripens about a week later than Elberta. Tree is yet hardy and free from disease, having received no extra care, and all indications are that it surpasses any other known variety in size, color and quality and will equal the best in productiveness.

GOLDEN DROP—Bright, golden, very hardy, good bearer, best quality. September 15.

HALE—Very large, excellent quality, a most beautiful color but seems to be a rather shy bearer; ripens about Sept. 1st.

SOUTH HAVEN—Good keeper, excellent canner, very hardy, fair size, ripens early about August 25th.

LEMON FREE—Very hardy; a heavy bearer, the highest quality lemon shape and color; best peach for home use. Late September.

LATE CRAWFORD—Largest size; fine appearance; valuable market variety. September.

LEMON CLING—Very large; sweet, used for spicing; productive. September.

NIAGARA—A new York variety, ripening just after Elberta; has been well tested and found valuable; good quality, large size; productive. Late September.

KALAMAZOO—Large, golden yellow; small seed, good quality, productive. September.

ROCHESTER—A fine large yellow peach ripening about August 10, before other varieties come into market. A good bearer, fruit juicy and sweet, and one of the earliest freestone varieties.

SALBERTA—Similar to Elberta, except two weeks later.

SALWAY—Our latest peach; very large, creamy yellow with red cheek; flesh deep, rich and sweet, productive. October.

SMOCK—A fine, large variety valuable as market sort, very productive, flesh rich and juicy, fine for canning. Late September.

STERNS—Very large, yellow flesh and bright red skin; ripens near Oct. 1st, tree a strong grower, hardy and very productive. Fruit has very thick skin and will stand shipping well.

SWEET OCTOBER—Very large, extremely late; most excellent quality and good bearer.

WILMA—Said to be very large, of best quality and a great cropper, ripens late.

WHITE FLESHED PEACH VARIETIES

BELLE OF GEORGIA—Very large; skin white with beautiful red cheek; productive. July.

CARMAN—An immense cropper; very beautiful red cheek; large, white with skin very tough flesh juicy of the best quality; tree hardy, a good market sort. Early August.

CHAMPION—Of the finest appearance; fruit very large and delicious; comes in after Carman; productive; valuable. August 20.

HEATH CLING—Large; creamy white, very sweet; valuable for spicing. October.

MIXON—Large; great bearer; extremely hardy; flesh tender and juicy. Its canning and preserving qualities are unequaled. September.

STUMP—A most beautiful peach; large, red and white skin; flesh rich and juicy, a good cropper; tree hardy. Late September.

Service Is a Golden Word

We take pride in the quality of our stock and of the care with which it is dug and packed to insure you the greatest returns possible from your expenditure.

Excellent Flavored Pears

The pear is the most delicious of modern fruits on account of its fine, juicy texture, exquisite flavor and aroma. While some varieties do better if picked when partially ripe and finished indoors, yet the really enjoyable supply should come from the home orchard, planting a number of varieties that will ripen in succession, from fall to winter. Some points in favor of pears are, they begin bearing in a very few years after planting; seldom miss bearing at least a partial crop, for which there is always a ready sale, besides they are one of the most healthful of our fruits. The pear has again become valuable commercially by the use of the blight resistant pear root. (*Ursuriensis*) on which our stock is grown. This is being used altogether in California, the great pear state, and is entirely satisfactory.

5 to 7 ft. 50c each \$40.00 per hundred.

4 to 5 ft. 35c each \$28.00 per hundred

Whips 35c each \$25.00 per hundred.



BARTLETT—Large, bright yellow with red blush; juicy and highly flavored; productive. September.

B. D. ANJOU—Large; greenish color, very hardy and productive; juicy, rich, vinous. October.

BOSC—Very large, long shaped, russet color, late fall or early winter season, best quality and productive.

CLAIRGEAU—Extremely large size, tree bears young; skin yellow, shaded with crimson; flesh juicy and excellent. Ripens in September.

CLAPP'S FAVORITE—Very large; long shaped; beautiful blush next to sun; of good quality; should be picked green and allowed to ripen in a cool place.

DUCHESS—The largest pear; greenish yellow and good quality; succeeds better when grown as a dwarf. October.

FLEMISH BEAUTY—Very sweet; productive and hardy; large and fine. September.

KIEFER—An immense cropper and very hardy fine color when ripened properly; a great market variety. October to January.

LAWRENCE—Medium size; bright golden yellow, productive and hardy; will keep all winter.

SHELDON—Russet color; quite large; round and of most excellent flavor, hardy and productive. September.

SECKEL—A little pear of the best quality; a heavy bearer and very hardy.

DWARF PEARS

Bartlett, Duchess, Kiefer, Cuapp's Favorite, Flemish Beauty.

Dwarf pear trees can be planted where there is not much room, as they make only a small round top and come into bearing at once, generally the second year.

Select Plums

The plum, like a pear, succeeds best in a rather heavy soil with some clay and being generally free from disease is profitable. They should be gathered a few days ahead of use that they may develop their perfect flavor. For family use they especially do well in poultry yards, or where the hogs keep the ground free from fallen fruit.

5 to 7 ft. 50c each \$40.00 per hundred.

4 to 5 ft. 35c each \$28.00 per hundred.

Whips 35c each \$25.00 per hundred.

ABUNDANCE—Japan variety of fair to large size, cherry red with white bloom; flesh yellow, clings to the seed, a rapid grower and bears young. Ripens last of July.

BRADSHAW—Very large; dark red, flesh green, productive, sells well in market. August.

BURBANK—A Japanese variety, great bearer, fruit large if thinned out, cherry red in color, flesh yellow and firm, and fair quality.

FELLEMBERG (Italian Prune)—Very large and purple; ripens in September; used for drying.

GERMAN PRUNE—The great market sort; sells for highest price, large purple with thick blue bloom, hardy and productive. September.

IMPERIAL GAGE—Good size; light green in color, sweet and juicy, productive. August 10.

LOMBARD—Very reliable and a sure bearer; fruit medium to large, dark red, pleasant flavor, thrives almost anywhere. August 20.

MONARCH—Very large, dark blue with green flesh which parts from the seed when ripe; good bearer, ripens late.

SHROPSHIRE DAMSON—Very productive; the largest of the Damsons, always sells well in market; tree rather slow grower in nursery, fruit produced in clusters. Ripens late. October.

SHIPPERS PRIDE—Very large; dark purple, flesh is sweet and firm, stands shipping well. September.

Cherries for the Market

While the cherry tree is of rather slow growth it is so sturdy and hardy and bears for so many years a large, bountiful crop under the most adverse conditions, that a few of them are the most valuable tree that a home man can plant. Where room is available a few of the sweet varieties are very desirable, but owing to their uncertain cropping, sour varieties should also be included among the selections. Sweet varieties thrive only in favored localities, also they require particular care and attention, especially in spraying. But the sour cherry can be grown almost anywhere, making a fine ornamental windbreak. It gives satisfaction in the home garden, and offers great possibilities for profit for the grower who supplies the local markets.

SWEET VARIETIES

BING—Is well recommended as a cherry of large size, delicious flavor; color is almost black, very solid meat; ripens late.

GOV. WOOD—A most prolific bearer; fruit is large, round, color yellow mottled with red, very hardy and profitable.

LAMBERT—Very large, jet black when ripe, very firm, sweet and juicy, and a heavy bearer.

NAPOLEON (Royal Ann)—Fruit large, very solid, pale yellow when ripe. Late.

ROCKPORT BIGARREAU—Large, light red, erect grower, very sweet and juicy, good bearer, early.

SCHMIDT—Fruit in large clusters, color jet black, large size, sweet and juicy. July. Hardy and productive.

SIDNEY—Originated from a chance seedling in this country, is a beautiful red, very large size and abundant bearer. The only red sweet cherry that is really valuable that we know of. The original tree has produced 14 bushels of fine cherries in one season, does not rot easily, ripens last of June.

TARTARIAN—An old variety that is still popular; cherries of the largest size, black in color, ripens late.

WINDSOR—Fruit large, liver colored, flesh firm and good quality, tree hardy and productive.

YELLOW SPANISH—Large, pale yellow, flesh solid, sweet and juicy, tree vigorous and productive. Good market variety and will ship well. June.

SOUR VARIETIES OF CHERRIES

BRASSINGTON—Large, red, half sweet, solid, excellent market variety.

DYEHOUSE—The earliest cherry, is a great bearer; the color is bright scarlet, very small seed, excellent for canning.

EARLY RICHMOND—The standard for productiveness and hardiness, fruit is a dark red, large, best for pie cherry, tree very hardy and productive.

ENGLISH MORELLO—Good size, long shape, dark red when ripe, flesh solid, rich and juicy, late.

MARY DUKE—Large, dark red, juicy and very rich pulp, tree a great bearer, ripens early.

MONTMORENCY—Very large, bright red, ripens late when other cherries are scarce; hardy and profitable.

COMPASS CHERRY PLUM—Is a cross between the Minor Plum and the Sand Cherry. Fruit some larger than an ordinary cherry, almost purple in color with a tinge of red, flesh yellow and good and fruit can be used for eating or cooking; tree seems hardy and productive, but is recommended more for an ornamental tree for the yard.

CURRENTS

15c each \$10.00 per hundred
2-yr. No. 1.

CHERRY—Berries very large; requires good soil, red.

FAY'S PROLIFIC—The bunches are large; very productive; red.

PERFECTION—Bright red in color, large size and best quality.

WHITE GRAPE—The best white currant. Mild flavor.

LONDON MARKET—Very large bunches, heavy cropper, foliage remains bright green, good market variety.

QUINCES

5 to 7 ft. 60c each \$45.00 per hundred.
4 to 5 ft. 45c each \$30.00 per hundred.

CHAMPION—Ripens late; very large; bears young, good cropper.

ORANGE—One of the largest; productive, hardy; bright golden yellow, fine; flesh firm and good flavor. Early October.

Thrifty Grapes

Grapes are one of the most productive and hardy fruits that we have. They can be grown in small spaces and trained up the side of a building or along fences, occupying very little room. Make the soil mellow and plant vines somewhat deeper than they stood in the nursery and about 8 feet apart by a fence or building. As a commercial crop they are as desirable as corn and as staple on the market—2-yr. No. 1 10c each \$8.00 per hundred. Excepting Concord which are \$5.00 per hundred.

AGAWAM—Very large; dark red, sweet and early. Meaty and free of sour pulp.

BRIGHTON—Large bunch, bright red, very sweet.

CACO—A cross between the Concord and Catawba, thus insuring hardiness and productive-

ness, without the defects of either its parents. Color a rich wine red, quality the highest and most delicious, strong grower and is free from disease.

CAMPBELL'S EARLY—Very large, jet black, sweet and productive. Early.

CATAWBA—Very large; coppery red, the best wine grape. An excellent late sort.

CONCORD—Fine size, black, succeeds everywhere.

DELAWARE—Small fruit but fine vinous flavor; slow grower but vigorous and heavy cropper.

GREEN MOUNTAIN—Very early, medium size, thin skin but superb quality.

MOORE'S EARLY—Very large, black, ripens early. Quality fine; some say better than Concord.

NIAGARA—Large bunches, color white; excellent quality. The standard white variety.

SALEM—Large, bright red; juicy and sweet. Very large berries. Late.

WYOMING—Large; bright red; is very sweet. Vines very hardy. Ripens early.

POCKLINGTON—Large; is golden yellow; late; keeps well.

WORDEN—Resembles Concord except it is a week earlier. A dessert and market sort.



GOOSEBERRIES

20c each \$14.00 per hundred 2-yr. No. 1

CHAUTAUQUA — Very large, beautiful light yellow, very sweet and fine.

DOWNING—Pale green; sweet, fair size.

PEARL — Medium, greenish, very sweet and productive.

RED JACKET—Large, free from mildew.

PERSIMMONS

This tree is found growing wild in many parts of the country, and produces a fruit of a puckery nature, but if allowed to become frosted the flavor is much improved. The tree makes a neat round head with bright shiny leaves, together with is attractive fruits. A good ornamental tree.

4 to 6 ft. 75c

APRICOTS

EARLY GOLDEN—Medium size, nearly round, skin smooth, flesh yellow, juicy and sweet, hardy and productive.

MOORPARK—Fruit large, yellow with numerous dots, flesh sweet and rich, productive.

5 to 7 ft. 60c

NECTARINES

This fruit resembles the peach except it has smooth skin like the plum. It has part of the flavor of both peach and plum. Tree makes a good growth of neat appearance. We have two kinds, the red nectarine and the white. 4 to 5 ft. 40c.

NUT TREES

SPANISH CHESTNUT—The nuts are very large and find a ready market; tree bears young and is a handsome lawn decoration. 4 to 5 ft. 75c.

AMERICAN SWEET CHESTNUT—A valuable tree both for its nuts and timber; will grow anywhere and is very ornamental. Every farm should have a grove. 4 to 5 ft. 50c.

BLACK WALNUT—A native tree growing to a large size, valuable for its timber, and the rich oily nuts are produced in large quantities.

5 to 6 ft. 50c.

JAPAN WALNUT—(Sieboldi)—Very hardy, rapid grower; bears young and is very productive. Resembles the butter-nut in shape, with smooth and thinner shell. 4 to 5 ft. 60c.

ENGLISH WALNUT—A fine growing tree with spreading head, producing thin shelled nuts of best quality and always in demand at good prices. Not hardy in the north. 3 to 4 ft. 75c.

Deciduous Shade Trees

Trees serve to beautify the landscape by framing the picture and directing the eye to the house and points of interest. They also provide the very necessary background against which the house stands out.

AILANTHUS (Tree of Heaven)—A good grower, has large palm-like leaves, and will grow in places exposed to gas and smoke. 8 to 10 ft. \$1.00.

ASH—FRAXINUS White (F. Americana)—A well known native tree; very straight with broad, round head and dense foliage that is dark green

above and light silvery beneath, fading to golden yellow. A beautiful and desirable shade tree. 8 to 10 ft. \$1.50

AMERICAN ELM—Grows to 100 feet tall; has a wide, open top, excellent for avenues where it succeeds well. 8 to 10 ft. \$1.25, 10 to 12 ft. \$2.00

AMERICAN LINDEN—A stately tree growing to 60 feet high; valuable both as an ornamental and for its wood, makes a fine appearance.

8 to 10 ft. \$1.50, 10 to 12 ft. \$2.50

CATALPA SPECIOSA—Makes a rapid growth; has large leaves; grows to a large size, being planted for posts or shade. Good. 8 to 10 ft. 75c.

EUROPEAN MOUNTAIN ASH—An ornamental tree with beautiful foliage making a neat shaped head, while the bunches of red berries come on in July and stays all summer.

8 to 10 ft. \$1.50, 10 to 12 ft. \$2.50

GINKGO BILOBA—A rare elegant tree from Japan. With singular almost fern-like foliage, unlike that of any other tree 8 to 10 ft. \$3.00

HORSE CHESTNUT (Buckeye Tree)—A handsome tree for lawn or street planting, produces long spikes of white flowers; very hardy and a good grower. 6 to 8 ft. \$1.00.

LARCH—(Tamarack)—Will grow in any kind of soil. Opens its buds very early in the spring and leaves turn a golden color late in the fall. A hardy, upright strong grower. 4 to 5 ft. \$1.00.

LARCH (European)—An old fashioned hardy tree, sheds its needles in winter. Makes a lawn specimen. 4 to 5 ft. \$1.00.

LIQUIDAMBER—(Sweet Gum)—Another native tree not appreciated with its glossy foliage in summer, and the brilliant color in the fall, and the unusual appearance in the winter of the young branches with their corky bark are considerations that makes it especially valuable. 8 to 10 ft. \$3.00.

MOLINE ELM—This is a new variety of the Elm family, growing a denser head and being a neater tree than any of the other Elms. 8 to 10 ft. \$2.00.

MAPLE SUGAR—This tree is chieftain of its clan. It grows well and roots deeply, allowing grass to grow about its trunk, its bold leaves have rich autumn tints of clear yellow and scarlet.

10 to 12 ft. \$2.50.

NORWAY MAPLE—Forms a compact round head of a fairly rapid growth; to 40 feet high. The handsomest and one of the most desirable trees for street, park or lawn. 8 to 10 ft. \$2.00

10 to 12 ft. \$3.50, 2 to 3 in. cal. \$5.00

ORIENTAL PLANE (European Sycamore)—A graceful, wide-spreading tree, grows rapidly to 80 feet tall; large, leathery leaves, turning yellow in the fall. 8 to 10 ft. \$1.50, 10 to 12 ft. \$2.50.

2 to 3 in. cal. \$4.00

OAK, PIN—Leaves are deep green and glossy, turning to gold in the fall, growing faster than any other oaks and makes a beautiful tree.

10 to 12 ft. \$2.50. 2 to 3 in. cal. \$4.00

OAK, RED—Grows from 80 to 100 feet tall, large in leaf and quick in growth. The young shoots and leaf stems are red and foliage purplish crimson in Autumn. 10 to 12 ft. \$3.00.

POPLAR CAROLINA—This is the most rapid growth tree of all, a great tree to plant for quick shade at summer resorts and places where there are no sewers. 10 to 12 ft. \$1.00

POPLAR LOMBARDY—This tree is used in landscape work as a background, growing very tall and slender. Many of the old trees which were thoughtfully placed make an outstanding landmark and an Old World effect. 8 to 10 ft. \$1.00.

10 to 12 ft. \$2.00

POPLAR BOLLEANA (Silver Leaf)—Leaves are a glossy green, silvery beneath. Frequently used in landscaping against blank walls of high buildings. 8 to 10 ft. \$1.25.

TULIP TREE—A beautiful shade tree with large bright green leaves and flowers like a Magnolia. 6 to 8 ft. \$1.00. 8 to 10 ft. \$1.50.

SILVER MAPLE—The most rapid growing of all shade trees; foliage bright green and grows to a large size; very hardy. 8 to 10 ft. \$1.25

10 to 12 ft. \$2.00, 2 to 3 in. cal. \$3.50

SCHWEDLERI (A Plantanoides)—A beautiful variety with very large bronze red leaves and young shoots of the same color; a vigorous grower and most effective ornamental tree; fifty feet high. 8 to 10 ft. \$2.00, 10 to 12 ft. \$3.50.

TULIP TREE (Whitewood)—One of the best of our native trees, of tall pyramidal habit, with glossy fiddle shaped leaves and tulip-like flowers; allied to the Magnolia. 8 to 10 ft. \$2.00.

WEIR'S CUT LEAF MAPLE—Delicately cut leaves and long, half drooping branches cause an unique appearance; a rapid grower, becoming very large and spreading. 8 to 10 ft. \$1.50.

10 to 12 ft. \$2.50.

WILLOW LAUREL LEAVED—A splendid ornamental tree with large, glossy, dark Laurel-like leaves. May be used as a taller screening shrub. 6 to 8 ft. 75c, 8 to 10 ft. \$2.00.

WILLOW GOLD BARK—Showy variety with yellow bark, making it very attractive during the winter. 8 to 10 ft. \$1.00.

WILLOW WEEPING (See weeping trees).

WEeping VARIETIES

CAMPERDOWN ELM—Long, drooping branches; forms a broad, handsome head.

6 ft. 2-yr. heads \$2.50

CUT LEAVED WEEPING BIRCH—A most graceful tree of rapid growth, reaching 60 feet; bark white. 8 to 10 ft. \$1.50, 10 to 12 ft. \$3.00

CATALPA BUNGEII—Not a weeping tree but is grafted on stems 5 to 8 feet from the ground, forming an umbrella shaped top; very ornamental. 2-yr. \$1.00

TEA'S WEEPING MULBERRY—Is grafted on a straight stem 5 to 6 feet from the ground, the branches droop down. \$2.00.

WISCONSIN WEEPING WILLOW—A large and rapid growing tree, very hardy. branches long and drooping. Same as Babylonica Willow.

8 to 10 ft. \$1.25, 10 to 12 ft. \$2.50.

IMPORTANT

Flowering shrubs play an important part in the garden. Many of them are conspicuously beautiful when in blossom, and fit into planned effects in combination with flowers while before and after their flowering season they serve as a green background, against which the annual and perennial flowering plants are displayed.

WEeping MOUNTAIN ASH—Has long, slender branches; white flowers in May followed by clusters of bright red berries.
8 to 10 ft. \$2.00,
10 to 12 ft. \$3.00.

JAPANESE WEeping CHERRY—Small tree with drooping branches. Clusters of beautiful rose pink flowers appear before the leaves.
5 to 7 ft. \$2.50

Nothing improves the value of residence property as much and as fast for the investment made as the planting of Shrubbery.

Ornamental Trees for Shade and Beauty

JAPANESE MAPLE (Blood Leaf Red)—A small tree or shrub valued for its blood red leaves and bright red branches, of dense growing habit. The delicate leaves are very showy and are fine as specimens, or can be used with evergreen plantings to good advantage.
2 to 3 ft. \$2.50

BUCKTHORN CATHARTICUS—A dense twiggy bush 6 to 10 feet high with dark foliage relieved by masses of attractive white flowers in June and July.
3 ft. \$1.00.

BETCHEL'S FLOWERING CRAB—A small bushy tree, valued for its flowers produced in great abundance and very fragrant.
4 to 5 ft. \$1.00, 5 to 7 ft. \$1.50.

FLORIBUNDA CRAB—Bright pink flowers upon opening turning to pure white. Small yellow fruit in the Autumn.
4 to 5 ft. 60c, 5 to 7 ft. \$1.00.

CORNUS FLORIDA (Dogwood)—White flowers come early in the spring before the leaves appear, covered later in the fall with bright red berries; foliage green and glossy turning crimson in fall.
4 to 6 ft. \$1.50.

CORNUS RUBRA (Red Flowering Dogwood)—This tree grows similar to the white dogwood except the flowers are red. This has been a very scarce tree.
3 to 4 ft. \$2.00.

FLOWERING PEACH—The pink is particularly charming as it is the purest pink seen in any flower. The rose like flowers cover every branch and twig in great profusion.
4 to 6 ft. 75c.

JUDAS TREE (Red Bud)—A small growing tree with irregular form with heart shaped leaves. It is covered with bright pink blossoms early in the spring before the leaves appear.
4 to 5 ft. 75c.

MAGNOLIA GLAUCA—Almost an evergreen

with large glossy leaves and waxy white flowers.
2 to 3 ft. \$2.00 3 to 4 ft. \$3.00.

MAGNOLIA LENNEI—Rich large purplish red flowers heavy bloomer.
3 to 4 ft. \$8.00.

THORN, PAUL'S FLOWERING—A small quick growing tree producing masses of most beautiful double crimson flowers in May, followed by large red berries in late summer.
4 to 5 ft. \$1.00.

PRUNIS TRILOBA—(Double Flowered Plum). A charming shrub of vigorous growth. Very early in the spring before its leaves appear the whole tree is decked in a fleecy cloud of very double light pink blossoms.
4 to 5 ft. \$1.00.

PRUNUS PISSARDI—Purple leaved plum, distinct little tree and very showy, covered with leaves that deepen in color to the end of the year. Double light pink blossoms.
4 to 5 ft. 75c.

SWEET PEA TREE—A dense growing tree to 20 feet in height, beautiful yellow flowers resembling Sweet Peas.
4 to 5 ft. 60c.

JAPANESE FLOWERING CHERRY—The varieties we have of these are among the best both for flowers and foliage.
5 to 7 ft. \$1.25.

KANZAN—Dark pink double bloom with beautiful bronze leaves at time of blooming. Good grower.

KOFUGEN—Dark pink double bloom and similar to Kanzan in foliage, the difference being a more dwarf grower.

YOSHINO—Almost white with slight pink cast, single bloom and fills with masses of flowers. Excellent grower.

ARALIA SPINOSA (Devil's Walking Stick)—Its prickly stems covered with large glossy leaves and later enormous clusters of flowers tend to give the tree a tropical appearance.
4 to 5 ft. 50c

Select Evergreen Stock

For a good windbreak, or to hide some unsightly spot, nothing can equal our hardy evergreens. By massing a number of kinds on the lawn, or even using a single specimen, a most ornamental effect is produced and these deservedly popular trees are coming into favor again. We have a choice selection of the best varieties.

ABIES CONCOLOR (Concolor Fir)—Long, leathery leaves, branches beautifully arranged, foliage tinged with blue, very fine.
2 to 3 ft. \$2.00
3 to 4 ft. \$3.50

BLACK HILLS SPRUCE (Picea Canadensis)—Very hardy, compact and bushy, foliage varies from green to bluish tints.
2 to 3 ft. \$1.25
3 to 4 ft. \$2.50

KOSTER'S BLUE SPRUCE (Pungens Kosteriana)—Most beautiful dwarf spruce grows very compact and always makes a fine show.
4 to 5 ft. \$10.00

NORWAY SPRUCE (Excelsa)—A tall-growing tree of imposing appearance, but is one of the best evergreens for a hedge if kept pruned.
18 to 24 in. 50c, 2 to 3 ft. \$1.00.

WHITE SPRUCE (Picea Alba)—Foliage light green, compact and upright growth, resists cold and drought.
2 to 3 ft. 75c, 3 to 4 ft. \$1.25

AMERICAN ARBORVITAE (Occidentalis)—An erect grower but can be trimmed to any desired effect; foliage light green.
2 to 3 ft. 75c,
3 to 4 ft. \$1.25

COMPACTA (Parson's Compact Arborvitae)—Foliage light green, growing compact and solid, very dwarf and slow grower. 18 to 24 in. 75c

DOUGLAS GOLDEN (Thuya Douglasii)—Beautiful golden color, good grower and bushy appearance. 2 to 3 ft. \$1.25, 3 to 4 ft. \$2.50.

GEORGE PEABODY (Lutea)—A dwarf growing beautiful golden leaved Arborvitae, is showy and fine. 3 to 4 ft. \$2.50, 4 to 5 ft. \$4.00

GLOBOSA—Grows a round head naturally has a dense light green foliage and is of the Arborvitae type. 18 to 24 in. 75c, 2 to 3 ft. \$1.50

HOVEY'S GOLDEN—A small growing Arborvitae, foliage light green with golden tinge and very compact. 18 to 24 in. 75c, 2 to 3 for \$1.50

PYRAMIDAL ARBOR VITAE (Thuya Pyramidalis)—Grows in narrow pyramidal shape, fine foliage, good grower. 3 to 4 ft. \$1.50, 4 to 5 ft. \$3.00

RETINISPORA (PLUMOSA)—Makes a neat round head with feathery light green foliage; makes a nice show as a single specimen. 2 to 3 ft. \$1.00, 3 to 4 ft. \$2.00, 4 to 5 ft. \$3.00.

RETINISPORA (PLUMOSA AUREA)—This evergreen is fine for massing as it has a bright golden foliage that holds its color. 2 to 3 ft. \$1.00, 3 to 4 ft. \$2.00, 4 to 5 ft. \$3.00

HORIZONTALIS JUNIPER (Creeping) A true Creeper.—Bluish green foliage, splendid for ground cover or terrace planting.

COMMUNIS DEPRESSA—A spreading evergreen with good foliage. An excellent grower.

RETININPORA SQUAROSSA — Silvery blue foliage, feathery spirals making it a good plant to use in clump work 2 to 3 ft. \$1.50.
3 to 4 ft. \$2.50.

HILLS SILVER JUNIPER — Beautiful silvery blue foliage. Compact and upright grower, keeps its color good. 3 to 4 ft. \$3.00.

IRISH JUNIPER—Makes an upright growth like a column, foliage deep green and very compact; makes a nice effect in a cemetery. 2 to 3 ft. \$1.00, 3 to 4 ft. \$1.75

PFITZERIANA JUNIPER — Branches grow straight out from stems, foliage dark green, almost blue, grows about 10 feet high. 18 to 24 in. \$1.25, 2 to 3 ft. \$3.00, 3 to 4 ft. \$4.00

SAVIN JUNIPER—Low and spreading with open top, dark green foliage, can be pruned to different shapes. 18 to 24 in. \$1.25, 2 to 3 ft. \$3.00, 3 to 4 ft. \$4.00

VIRGINIA JUNIPER (Red Cedar)—Pyramidal shape, foliage light green to darker shade, fine dense foliage, hardy. 3 to 4 ft. \$1.50, 4 to 5 ft. \$2.50

SCHOTTI JUNIPER—A vigorous grower, foliage light green, grows upright and makes a neat dense form. 3 to 4 ft. \$3.00.

AUSTRIAN PINE (Pinus Austiaca) — Rapid grower, long leaves, very hardy, foliage rich dark green. 3 to 4 ft. \$2.00, 4 to 5 ft. \$3.50

MUGHO (Dwarf Pine)—Very distinct, foliage light green, does not grow tall, but spreads out assuming a globular form; stays close to the ground. 18 to 24 in. \$1.50, 2 to 3 ft. \$2.50.

SYLVESTRIS (Scotch Pine)—A rapid grower 80 feet, long silvery needles, fine appearance, good for screens. 3 to 4 ft. \$1.50, 4 to 5 ft. \$2.50.

HEMLOCK (Abies Tsugo Canadensis)—A neat growing tree with dark green foliage and branches slightly drooping, forming a pyramidal head, with graceful upright growth. 3 to 4 ft. \$2.50.
4 to 5 ft. \$3.50.

BALSAM FIR (Abies Balsamea)—Makes a handsomelawn specimen, foliage quite fragrant, dark green above and silvery beneath. 4 to 5 ft. \$3.00.

DOUGLAS FIR (Abies Douglasii)—Is compact and symmetrical in growth, silvery blue foliage, grows quite large but should have a place in evergreen groupings. 4 to 5 ft. \$3.00.

TAXUS CUSPIDATA (Japanese Yew)—Foliage very dark green, short leaves, dwarf grower, very compact, the best Yew tree. 18 to 24 in. \$2.00
2 to 3 ft. \$4.00

The New Introduction

With the increasing interest in nature's beauties there is an added interest in the more rare and beautiful trees listed on this page. Many of them have been brought to this country and their hardiness and adaptability to our climate demonstrated by the Arbord Auburnum.

It is interesting to be able to show your friends plants and shrubs they have never seen before. See the new introductions on this page.

New and Rare Evergreen Shrubs

COTONEASTER HORIZONTALIS — A low spreading horizontal shrub growing to a height of two feet and spreading to about 3 feet, glossy Evergreen leaves, covers with pink flowers and in the autumn the foliage turns a brilliant scarlet which with abundance of red berries produced annually makes it one of the most valuable shrubs. 18 to 24 in. \$1.00

PYRENACANTHA (Firethorn) — An almost Evergreen shrub allied to both the thorns and Cotoneaster. Dwarf growth and slender branches

with numerous short thorns. Small white flowers; liberally covered with bright red fruit in the fall. 18 to 24 in. \$1.00.

MAHONIA (Holly Leaved Ashberry)—A beautiful Evergreen shrub, with smooth shining holly leaves; bright yellow flowers in May, and blue berries. The leaf color varies through the year, taking on shades of green with flecks of red and bronze. 18 to 24 in. 75c, 2 to 5 ft. \$1.25.

EUONYMOUS RADICANS VEGETUS (Evergreen Bittersweet) an attractive leaved Evergreen plant of slow growing habit and very hardy. For covering walls or house foundations it has no equal, makes a good ground cover under Evergreens, also used for edging. 40c.

EUONYMOUS VARIEGATA—Similar to Euonymus vegetus except the foliage. The dark green leaves have white and pink variegated edges. 40c.

LEUCOTHOE CATESBAEA—A beautiful shrub both for blossoms and foliage. The leaves are a bright green in summer and purplish red in Autumn and winter. Born on the gracefully drooping branches. Blossom are soft creamy white. This shrub makes an attractive planting in front of Evergreens and Rhododendrons. 18 to 24 in. \$1.25

DAPHNE CNEORUM—Very dwarf growing plant filling with pink flowers during April and May and again later in the summer. This is a fine plant for Rock Gardens. 9 to 12 in. 75c. 12 to 15 in. \$1.25

BOX WOOD (*Buxus Sempervirens*)—Used in formal gardens and does well in many soils, stands pruning well. 8 to 12 in. 30c, 12 to 18 in. 75c

RHODODENDRON—For effect the year round this plant surpasses all others. They may be planted in shady nooks about the house or lawn and give a touch of green to the winter landscape.

RHODODENDRON CATAWBIENSE—Very hardy with attractive foliage of round green

leaves, very attractive flowers of lavender and purple, appear early in June. 2 to 5 ft. \$2.00

RHODODENDRON MAXIMUM—Leaves very large and smooth, flowers are white with pink tint. Maximum carries the best foliage of all the Rhododendrons. 2 to 3 ft. \$1.50

RHODODENDRON HYBRIDS—We have a limited number of red and pink flowering ones to sell in connection with other stock. 18 to 24 in. \$2.00

KALMIA LATIFOLIA (Mountain Laurel)—This is a very sturdy shrub with heavy clusters of Evergreen foliage, has an abundance of pink flowers late in June. Will thrive most anywhere. 18 to 24 in. \$1.00

AZALEA CALENDULACEA—A very attractive plant. Bright red flowers appearing before the leaves and remaining for several weeks, a profuse bloomer. 18 to 24 in. \$1.50

AZALEA MOLLIS—Bushy well branched, very attractive foliage flowers are orange, tan, yellow. The shrub is frequently planted with Rhododendrons, also used as specimens. 15 to 18 in. \$1.50. 18 to 24 in. \$2.00.

YUCCA FILAMENTOSA—Has long sword like leaves which remain green all winter and give it a tropical appearance, and white flowers produced on long stems come in June. We also have this in the variegated leaf. 2-yr. 25c.

PACHYSANDRA (Japanese Spurge)—A new Evergreen trailing plant forming broad mats of bright green foliage. Great ground coverer. Grows in sun or shady locations. 20c.

Ornamental Flowering Shrubs

A few shrubs placed at advantageous places or added to those already placed will improve the appearance of your grounds and at the same time increase its realty value immensely. We list only those plants that are recognized as the best.

ALTHEA (Rose of Sharon)—A profuse bloomer late in the summer, small rose-like flowers in the different colors, double pink, double white, double red and double purple. 10 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 35c

BUTTERFLY BUSH (*Buddleia*)—Might be called a summer Lilac, usually dies down in winter but quickly starts up in the spring, and in July is a large bush covered with long spikes of flowers resembling the Lilac, and with a delightful perfume. 5 ft. 2 yr. 25c.

CALYCANTHUS (Sweet Shrub)—Produces fragrant flowers of chocolate red; the old fashioned shrub that will always have its place in the garden and in landscape groupings. 5 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 40c.

CHIONANTHUS (White Fringe)—Has dark green foliage with snowy white flowers early in the summer. 15 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 50c

CLETHRA ALNIFOLIA or (Sweet Pepper Bush)—White flowers on long panicles, very fragrant, continuing to bloom through July and August, makes a small, dense bush. 2 to 3 ft. 35c.

CORNUS ELEGANTISSIMA VARIEGATA—Grows 8 feet high with bright red branches and beautiful silver variegated leaved shrubs, being beautiful both summer and winter. 2 to 3 ft. 30c, 3 to 4 ft. 40c.

CORNUS SPAETHI AUREA—Similar to Cornus Elegantissima except the leaves are gold and green. 8 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 35c

CORNUS LUTEA—With its striking yellow branches and light green leaves it makes a fine showing among other shrubs. 12 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 25c. 3 to 4 ft. 35c.

CORNUS STOLONIFERA (Dogwood)—Grows medium size spreading top, has red bark and white berries. 3 to 4 ft. 30c

CORNUUS SIBIRICA (Dogwood)—Twigs are blood red and always make a fine appearance; has white flowers in the spring followed by a crop of red berries. 20 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 30c

DEUTZIA CANADISSIMA—With a mass of pure double white flowers which remain on for some time is one of the most showy plants that grow. 3 to 4 ft. 30c

DEUTZIA CRENATA—Double white with pink stripes. 10 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 30c

DEUTZIA GRACILIS (Dwarf Deutzia)—An old-fashioned dense shrub bearing a profusion of white flowers. Excellent for edging shrub borders. 2½ feet. 18 to 24 in. 30c

DEUTZIA LEMOINEI—Dwarf growing, flowers large and pure white. 5 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 30c

DEUTZIA, PRIDE OF ROCHESTER—One of the best, a strong grower, flowers large and pure white. 10 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 45c

ELAEAGNUS (Russian Olive)—Dark green bark, wood very heavy and burns like a candle. Rich silver foliage. Fragrant deep golden flower, followed by ornamental fruits. 25 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 35c

EUONYMUS ALATUS (Winged Burning Bush)—Branches are corky. Some being almost square, leaves turning red in autumn, and makes a fine effect either in a group or as a single specimen. 8 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 35c 3 to 4 ft. 60c

EXOCHORDA GRANDIFLORA (Pearl Bush)—Flowers are dazzling white and showy, and early buds resemble pearls strung on the limbs. 3 to 10 ft. 2 to 3 ft. 35c

FLOWERING ALMOND—Flowering very early in the spring before the leaves appear double pink bloom, this is an old shrub but always popular. 10 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 60c

FLOWERING CURRANT—Has bright yellow fragrant flowers, very early in the spring. 8 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 30c

FORSYTHIA FORTUNEI (Golden Bell)—The first shrub to bloom in the spring making a bower of golden flowers. No planting is complete without a group of this. 8 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 25c 3 to 4 ft. 30c

FORSYTHIA SPECTABILIS—Similar to Fortunei except a little more showy flowers. 8 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 30c

FORSYTHIA SUSPENSA (Weeping Forsythia)—Drooping branches with bright foliage and filled with yellow flowers. Can be used with Wichuriana roses trailing Honey Suckle and other ground covering vines. 8 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 30c

FRINGE PURPLE (Smoke Tree)—A spreading shrub or with large clusters of round leaves overhung in mid summer by mist like clouds of tiny flowers. These panicles are a light lavender when fresh, and give the impression of smoke at a distance. 10 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 40c

GOLDEN ELDER (Sambucus Aurea)—Leaves golden yellow in the sun, very fancy and ornamental in contrast with other shrubs. 10 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 30c

HIGH BUSH CRANBERRY (Opulus Viburnum)—A large bush form shrub with dense green foliage, single white flowers in May followed by red berries. 12 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 35c

HONEYSUCKLE TARTARICA (Lonicera)—Covered with pink or red flowers, a great shrub for screen work or back ground planting. 10 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 30c

HONEYSUCKLE BELLA ALBIDA—A handsome shrub with white flowers similar in growth to Tartarica. 8 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 30c

HONEYSUCKLE FRAGRANTISSIMA—Pink and white flowers almost an evergreen very fragrant. 8 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 35c

HONEYSUCKLE MORROWII—A spreading variety with early creamy white flowers followed by pretty red berries. 8 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 35c

HYDRANGEA ARBORESCENS (Hills of Snow)—Grows into a round bush with masses of large white flowers resembling snowballs in shape. Does not grow as tall as the other Hydrangea, and makes a neater shrub. 6 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 25c

BLUE HYDRANGA—This plant grows similar to Hills of Snow except that it has beautiful blue flowers and a very good foliage. 12 to 18 in. 60c.

HYDRANGEA PANICULATA GRANDIFLORA—Is a strong grower and produces profuse masses of huge white blooms in August, which later turn pink and remain till winter. We also have this Hydrangea in tree form where this effect is desired. 12 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 25c 3 to 4 ft. 30c

HYPERICUM (St. John's Wart)—Spread shrub like, with glossy leaves and waxy golden flowers. Blooms longer in partial shade. Suitable for Rockeries, 3 feet. 18 to 24 in. 30c

JAPAN QUINCE (Cydonia Japonica)—Large masses of bright pink flowers very early in the spring, followed by small quinch shaped fruits which are fragrant. 5 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 30c 3 to 4 ft. 45c

KERRIA JAPONICA—Grows to medium size, branches are light green and produces double yellow flowers from June till October. 5 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 40c

KERRIA WHITE (Rhodotypus Kerrioides)—Flowers pure white in May, followed by bright black berries which remain all winter. 6 feet. 2 to 4 ft. 40c

LILAC (Syringa)—Common Purple—Suitable for screen work and specimens. 12 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 35c

LILAC COMMON WHITE—Taller and more slender than the purple. 12 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 40c

LILAC LUDWIG SPAETH—Single, red, dwarf grower very beautiful. 3 to 4 ft. 50c

LILAC VILLOSA—Dwarf growth with slender branches broad leaves and pink flowers. 3 to 4 ft. 40c

LILAC ROTHOMAGENSIS—Grows tall; large purplish red flowers in May. 12 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 35c

ROBINIA HISPIDA—A beautiful shrub producing large bunches of pink flowers in June. 8 ft. 3 to 4 ft. 50c

RHUS GLABRA (Sumac)—Grows to a tree with beautiful leaves which color brightly in autumn; flowers in July followed by crimson fruit in the fall. 3 to 4 ft. 35c

RHUS TYPHINA LACINIATA (Staghorn)—This with its beautiful cut leaves making a ferny effect and the crimson fruit make it a valuable shrub for group planting. 6 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 45c

SNOWBALL (Viburnum)—Short shrubs that bear pure white balls of flowers in great profusion, generally in bloom for Decoration Day. We have the common Snowball and the Japan both good varieties. 12 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 40c

SNOWBERRY (Symphoricarpus)—A small growing shrub; very hardy and will grow in dense shade; small white flowers appear in June followed by white waxy berries which remain all winter. 6 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 25c 3 to 4 ft. 30c

SNOWBERRY (Indian Currant)—Very compact grower, the limbs of which are simply lined with bright berries remaining all winter. We also have this in the variegated leaf. 6 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 30c

SPIREA ANTHONY WATERER—A dwarf growing shrub which has profuse masses of bright crimson flowers in July and August. 3 feet. 18 to 24 in. 30c

SPIREA BILLARDI—Flowers are pink, good grower, blooms late. 5 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 30c

SPIREA DOUGLASII—Bears beautiful spikes of rosy red flowers; reddish brown branches with oblong leaves. 6 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 35c

SPIREA FROEBELI—Dwarf but a better grower than A. Waterer, a great bloomer, flowers bright crimson in July and August. 4 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 25c

SPIREA PRUNIFOLIA—Very handsome shrub with dark green shining foliage, turning orange in the fall, flowers large and pure white. 7 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 30c

SPIREA THUNBERGII—Flowers of feathery appearance very early in the spring, while its leaves form a dense, feathery bush. 5 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 35c

SPIREA GOLDEN—A tall strong growing shrub with double white flowers, the foliage being a bright yellow in the spring, changing to golden brown in the fall. 8 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 35c

SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI—Produces a mass of pure white flowers in June; very showy and one of the best shrubs for general use in cultivation; can be used as a hedge, in clumps, or as a background for display. 8 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 20c
3 to 4 ft. 25c

STEPHANDRA FLEXUOSA—Drooping, arching branches clothed with feathery fern-like leaves. Bright bronze red tint in autumn. Useful for informal hedging. 6 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 35c

SYRINGA GARLAND (Mock Orange)—Noted for its fragrant flowers in June which resemble real orange bloom, also makes a neat shrub, 8 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 30c

SYRINGA GOLDEN—A dwarf growing shrub of striking beauty with its bright golden foliage which holds its color well through the season and when planted with other shrubs or in clumps the effect is very pleasing. 5 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 35c

SYRINGA LEMOINEI—Dwarf growing variety but good bloomer. 5 feet. 18 to 24 in. 30c

SYRINGA VIRGINALIS—A most beautiful new variety, large double white flowers, excellent foliage and compact habit, a longer bloomer than any other Syringa. 2 to 3 ft. 30c
3 to 4 ft. 40c

TAMARIX AFRICANA—Feathery leaved shrub with long slim branches covered with pink flowers in the early summer. 12 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 30c

TAMARIX ODESSANA—Bushy fine feathered foliage of silvery green and lavender flowers in August. 8 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 30c

VIBURNUM CARLESSII—A new Korean variety with salver shaped flowers, pink tinted passing to white, sweet scented flowers. 5 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 75c

VIBURNUM DENTATUM—Bright green dentated leaves turning to purple and red, white flowers in May and June. 15 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 35c

VIBURNUM TOMENTOSUM—Foliage similar to Japan Snowball single flowers, white, fruit red, changing to blue. 8 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 35c

TAMARIX HISPIDA—A tall growing shrub with feathery blue foliage and pink flowers late in the summer. 3 to 4 ft. 30c

WEIGELA CANDIDA—Strong grower, pure white flowers in June. 10 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 35c

WEIGELA FLORIBUNDA—An excellent variety of this popular shrub, good grower and blooms heavy, color bright crimson. 3 to 4 ft. 35c

WEIGELA AMABILIS—Rose colored Weigela. The flowers are rose pink and are produced in great abundance. 8 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 35c

WEIGELA EVA RATHKE—A most profuse bloomer, dark crimson, distinct and fine. 5 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 30c 3 to 4 ft. 45c

WEIGELA ROSEA—A medium tall growing vigorous shrub, flowers produced in profuse abundance during June and in smaller amount in late summer. 8 feet. 3 to 4 ft. 35c

WEIGELA VARIEGATED LEAF—Leaves are beautifully bordered with yellow, very distinct and ornamental. 5 feet. 2 to 3 ft. 35c

Hedge

BARBERRY THUNBERGII—A dwarf shrub of neat and graceful form; makes a good hedge; requires little care in trimming and is very hardy. 18 to 24 in. 15c \$12.50 Per C

RED LEAVED JAPANESE BARBERRY—A beautiful new introduction. It is the same as the Japanese Barberry except the leaves are a deep blood red. It should be planted in full sun to get the best results. 18 to 24 in. 30c

CALIFORNIA PRIVET—The best for hedge, thrives almost anywhere. It has no thorns, does not sucker from the root and can be trimmed to any desired shape or height. 18 to 24 in. \$5.00

LODENSE PRIVET—This is similar to California except it grows low and very dense, can be used as specimen or border plant or grown like Boxwood. 18 to 24 in. 30c

IBOLIUM PRIVET—A cross between Ibota and Ovalifolium with the best qualities of each. It has the looks of the California and the hardiness of the Ibota, making it a valuable hedge to plant. 10 feet. 18 to 24 in. 8c

REGEL'S PRIVET—A low spreading form with gracefully drooping branches. Is mostly used as a shrub. 18 to 24 in. 15c 2 to 3 ft. 25c

VARIEGATED LEAF PRIVET—Much like the California in growth. The leaves are more than half creamy white, can be planted in hedge row or groups of shrubs. 18 to 24 in. 20c

Peonies

These most beautiful flowers are easily grown, require little care and when once established will make their presence known every year for almost a life-time. The following varieties we believe are among the best.

COURONNE D' OR—White reflecting yellow, center carmine. 30c—2-yr.

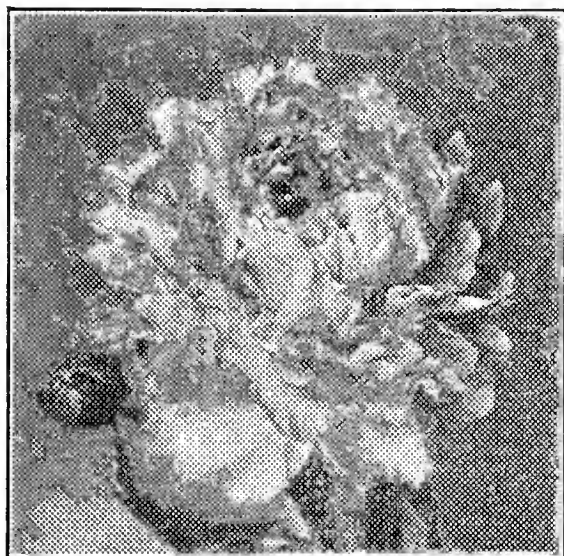
EDULIS SUPERBA—Bright pink. Very early and large bloom. 35c—2-yr.

DUCHESS DE NEMOURS—Large and full, pure white. 30c

FELIX CROUSSE—Brilliant red, ruby center, late. 35c

FESTIVA MAXIMA—White, very large on long stems. 30c

FRANCOIS ORTEGAT—Glistening crimson. 35c
HUMEI—Late, silvery pink.



MONS. JULES ELI—Beautiful blue pink, large and fine. 50c

RUBRA SUPERBA—Late, dark red, long stems. 35c

KARL ROSENFELD—Very large globular dark crimson flowers, a new and very striking flower, strong grower. 40c

SARAH BERNHARDT—Flowers of large size, full and double. Apple blossom pink. Each petal silver tipped. 40c.

Climbing Vines

BOSTON IVY—Will climb over any surface without support, clinging to solid walls. 40c

CLEMATIS COCCINEA—Light red, bell shaped flowers, bloom from June till frost. 60c—2-yr.

CLEMATIS MADAM EDANDRE—Bright red, large flowers, good bloomer.

CLEMATIS PANICULATA—The most vigorous climber and bloomer, being completely covered with small white flowers in Sept.; very fragrant; will grow anywhere. 30c

CLEMATIS JACKMANI—Dark purple; very large. Forms a perfect mass of the richest blooms. 60c

ENGLEMANNI IVY—Deeply cut leaves which turn to a beautiful crimson in the fall, for covering trees rocky slopes and walls. 25c

CELASTRUS SCANDENS — (Bittersweet) — Handsome red fruit retained all winter. Sprays of berries are used for decorating houses, fine for covering old fences. 30c

DUTCHMAN'S PIPE—A hardy vine of rapid growth; very large leaves, flowers brownish and resemble a pipe. 2-yr.—60c

HALLEANA HONEYSUCKLE—Great climber and very beautiful, producing a very fragrant flower of a delicate yellow. 25c

POLYGONUM (Silver Lace Vine) — A rapid grower with long season of lacy white flowers. 30c

SCARLET TRUMPET HONEYSUCKLE — A vigorous growing vine well adapted to general use with trumpet shaped flowers of bright 30c

WISTERIA (Chinese)—A hardy, rapid climbing vine with pale foot-long clusters of purple. A very popular vine. 40c.

Choice Selection of Roses

No other flower can be compared to the rose, for its color and fragrance dominate all other shrubs, at the same time having a wide range of growth such as the climbing bush and dwarf varieties, each bring forth its blooms at various periods. We list only those varieties of each class that have proven their worth.

CLIMBING VARIETIES

AMERICAN PILLAR—Roses are single, very large, apple blossom pink, strong grower, holds its foliage well in the fall. 2-yr No. 1—30c

CLIMBING AMERICAN BEAUTY—Early flowers of a deep rose carmine, shaded toward the center with rich crimson. 2-yr. No. 1—40c

CRIMSON RAMBLER—A rank grower, immense quantities of bloom, very hardy, roses grow in clusters. 2-yr. No. 1—30c

DOROTHY PERKINS—Shell pink, good foliage profuse bloomer. 2-yr. No. 1—30c

DR. VAN FLEET—Flowers on long stems, of delicate white, fine form. 2-yr. No. 1—40c

EXCELSA—Color a deep crimson, grows in

large clusters, very double and produced in immense quantities. A rampant grower and is almost an evergreen. 2-yr. No. 1—30c

FLOWER OF FAIRFIELD—Much like Crimson Rambler except it blooms at intervals all summer, good foliage. 2-yr. No. 1—40c

GARDENIA—Beautiful rich yellow. Sometimes called hardy, Marechal Neil. 2-yr. No. 1—35c

MARY WALLACE—Roses very large, bright clear pink, produces two or three times a season. Is really a pillar rose or semi climber. 2-yr. No. 1—40c

NEW DAWN—A new everblooming climbing rose. A sport of the Dr. VanFleet, which is acknowledged as the most popular of the American climbing roses. 2 yr. \$1.50 each.

PAUL'S SCARLET—A double medium sized rose extremely brilliant in color. A new sort of great merit. 2-yr. No. 1—40c

SILVER MOON—Roses are very large, pure white, yellow stamens, very good foliage. 2-yr. No. 1—35c

TAUSENDSCHON (Thousand Beauties) — Just what its name indicates; rapid growers, light pink changing to carmine. 2-yr. No. 1—30c

HYBRID PERPETUALS

This class of roses is very hardy and will withstand our winters without protection and in many respects are as desirable as any other class, except their blooming season may not be quite so extended, or the roses may not be produced in such great numbers; the greater part of their blooming is done in July and August.

AMERICAN BEAUTY—An old fashioned crimson rose, fine form, bloomer. 2-yr. —35c

FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI—A grand white rose, purest white without a tinge of any other color; hardy as an oak, roses large, fine form and produces in great quantities. 2-yr. —35c

GENERAL JACQUEMINOT—Familiarly known as "General Jack," large and full, color rich dark crimson, very fragrant, the best of the older sorts. 2-yr. —30c

GEORGE ARENDS—The pink Frau Karl most beautiful delicate pink, best form, very hardy, the very best of its kind without question. 2-yr. —35c

GEORGE DICKSON—Dark velvety crimson or almost black, largest size. 2-yr. —35c

GRUSS AN TEPLITZ—Bright crimson with fiery red center, the greatest bloomer of all. 2-yr. —30c

KILLARNEY—Buds long and pointed, roses bright pink, fragrant, good form. 2-yr. —35c

KILLARNEY BRILLIANT—Deep rosy carmine, still a better rose than the good old Killarney Pink. 2-yr. —35c

LA FRANCE—Rosy pink, an old favorite for the garden. 2-yr. —35c

MRS. JOHN LAING—A clear bright pink, well shaded, free bloomer, fragrant. 2-yr. —35c

PAUL NEYRON—Deep pink, great bloomer, the largest rose in cultivation. 2-yr. —35c

PERSIAN YELLOW—Bright yellow fragrant, grows shrub form. 2-yr. —35c

HYBRID TEAS AND EVERBLOOMERS

This class of roses usually needs winter protection; this can be easily provided by making a mound of earth a few inches up the bush, or if the bush be large, the use of cornstalks, straw or burlap tied tightly around the bush will afford the necessary protection. This must be removed in the spring when danger of freezing is past. These roses bloom for a longer season than the Perpetuals and are the true Everbloomers.

BETTY—Coppery yellow, fine form, good bloomer. 2 yr. 40c.

COLUMBIA—Glowing pink, the color deepens as the rose opens, very large, continuous bloomer. 2 yr. 40c.

CRUSADER—A rich velvety crimson rose with heavy petals, flowers very double and excellent form. 2 yr. 40c

EDWARD MAWLEY—Deep velvety crimson, excellent shaped rose, and great bloomer. 2 yr. 40c.

CHARLES K. DOUGLASS—Profuse bloomer, deep crimson, beautiful dark green foliage, good grower. 2 yr. 40c.

FRANCIS SCOTT KEY—A heavy double rose, color deep red, strong grower. 2 yr. 40c.

GENERAL McARTHUR—Dazzling red, well formed, a grand all round rose. 2 yr. 40c.

J. L. MOCK—One of the best bedding varieties; fragrant flowers produced with the greatest freedom are of large size of deep pink the outside of the petals silvery rose. 2-yr. —40c

HOOSIER BEAUTY—Glowing scarlet, one of the freest bloomers and a beautiful red rose. 2-yr.—40c

KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA—A creamy white fragrant, full and very double. 2-yr. —40c

LADY HILLINGTON—Brilliant golden yellow, buds pointed, very attractive. 2-yr. —40c

LOS ANGELES—A new creation from California, and the grandest all around rose ever introduced. Bush is strong growing, hardy and vigorous bloomer. 2-yr. —40c

MADAME BUTTERFLY—A combination of pink, yellow and gold; perfect form, of delicious fragrance, large and very double. 2-yr. —40c

MME. EDOUARD HERRIOT—Medium sized rose, rich coral red shaded with yellow and fading to shrimp-red. 2-yr. —40c

MRS. AARON WARD—Rich creamy yellow, deeply cupped, very large and fragrant. 2-yr. —40c

OPHELIA—Salmon pink, yellow at base of petals, is very large, on long stiff stems. 2-yr. —40c

PREMIER—Pure rose pink, large and very fragrant, almost thornless; free. 2-yr. —40c

RADIANCE—Great bloomer, beautiful carmine pink, vigorous and hardy. 2-yr. —40c

RED RADIANCE—Much the same rose as Radiance except it is a more brilliant crimson. 2-yr. —40c

TESTOUT—Always in bloom, light pink with silvery edging. 2-yr. —40c

WILLOWMERE—Long pointed buds and brilliant pink blooms suffused with gold. 2 yr. 40c.

SOUV. DE GEORGES PERNET—Large brick red buds opening into enormous pink blooms. 2 yr. 45c.

BETTY UPRICHARD—Center petals are rich salmon-pink, outer petals are carmine with coppery shadings suffused orange. 2 yr. 45c

DUCHESS OF WELLINGTON—Intense saffron yellow stained crimson. 2 yr. 40c.

LUXEMBOURG—A large rose amber yellow rolling away from a fawn pink heart. 2 yr. 40c.

MME. JULES BOUCHE—Pure white, slightly blushed at center, a fine bedding type. 2 yr. 40c.

LADY ASHTOWN—Brilliant glossy pink blooms of exquisite form. 2 yr. 40c.

MRS. A. R. BARRACLOUCH—Long tapering buds opening to full blooms of dark glistening pink tinted with salmon. 2 yr. 40c.

E. G. HILL—Long buds, high centered, full double flowers, dazzling scarlet maturing to deep pure red. 2 yr. 45c.

PRESIDENT HOOVER—A beautiful new rose, vivid cerise pink, softly flamed with yellow orange and scarlet; highly perfumed and beautiful foliage. 2 yr. 45c.

MRS. E. P. THOM—Large brilliant satiny pink, orange flame at center. 2 yr. 45c.

DAME EDITH HELEN—A magnificent, fragrant full bodied new rose, petals curl back holding to one vivid pink color. 2 yr. 40c.

JOANNA HILL—Buds are long pointed opening into large semi-double long lasting flowers; clear yellow with orange yellow heart. 2 yr. 45c.

McGREDY'S SCARLET—Full double flowers of large size, brilliant scarlet tipped crimson, base orange yellow. 2 yr. 45c.

MARGARET McGREDY—Rich oriental red passing to carmine-rose lasting a long time, fragrant. 2 yr. 45c.

MME. ALEXANDER DREUX—An excellent golden yellow of deep tone with full shapely flowers on erect branches. 2 yr. 40c.

LADY M. STEWART—Gorgeously splashed red and orange buds when the high centered flowers reveals the same richness of golden yellow, streaked with orange and velvety red. 2 yr. 45c.

TALISMAN—The most gorgeous assemblage of colors ever assembled in one flower, gold, apricot-yellow, blood-orange, deep pink and old rose. A free bloomer with glossy foliage. 2 yr. 45c.

REV. F. PAGE ROBERTS—A large colorful rose; golden yellow stained outside with red, the copper buds extra long. 2 yr. 45c.

RED COLUMBIA—Lively crimson-scarlet with velvet surface unequally perfumed. 2 yr. 40c.

TWO NEW ROSES

ROSA HUGONIS—A new rose from China growing more like a shrub. Flowers are a delicate yellow and line the branches to the tip like a spray, very hardy. 2-yr. —40c

CLAUDIUS PERNET—Vigorous grower, bright green foliage, roses very large and well formed; color, sunflower yellow, with no blending and does not fade. 2-yr. —40c

MOSS ROSES

CRESTED MOSS—Deep pink, well mossed. 2-yr. —30c

SALET—Light rose color, late fall bloomer. 2-yr. —30c

F. J. GROOTENDORST—Typical Rugosa foliage, fairly double red flowers resembling rambiers. 2 yr. 40c.

PINK GROOTENDORST—Same as grootendorst except flowers are clear light shell pink. 2 yr. 40c.

DWARF OR BABY ROSES

This class of roses is very hardy and thrifty, and does not need winter protection, making only a small dwarf bush, but are great bloomers much like the Ever-bloomers except the roses are smaller.

ELLEN PAULSON—Pink roses, always in bloom. 2-yr. —30c

CATHERINE ZEIMET—The white Baby Rambler. 2-yr. —30c

ERNA TESCHENDORFF—Very deep crimson. 2-yr. —30c

GEORGE ELGER—The only dwarf yellow rose. 2-yr. —30c

EDITH CAVELL—Heart shaped petals, red with white eye. Named after the famous English nurse. 2-yr. —30c

RUGOSA

Useful for hedge or in groups of shrubs, the foliage being heavy and dark green.

RUGOSA ALBA—White. 30c.

RUGOSA RUBRA—Red. 30c

ASPARAGUS

PALMETTO—Very valuable market sort, large stocks and free from rust. 2c—\$1.50 per 100

MARTHA WASHINGTON—A new rust resisting variety produced by the U. S. Dept. of Agriculture. Fast taking the place of all other varieties. 2c—\$1.50 per 100

RHUBARB

MYATTS LINNAEUS—This is the best variety for general use, large stalks or stems, early, tender and good cooker. 7c—75c per doz.

SAGE

HOLT'S MAMMOTH—A strong growing plant, perfectly hardy, the leaves are much used as a flavoring for food. 20c

Small Fruits

BLACKBERRIES

SNYDER—Very hardy and productive; a great cropper and the most reliable market sort. Medium early. **\$2.50 per 100**

ELDORADO—Very large and jet black, sweet, with no hard core; vine hardy and productive. **\$2.50 per 100**

BLOWER—Hardy and productive; very large and good quality; fine color and good shipper. **\$2.50 per 100**

MULBERRIES

DOWNING—Very productive; fruit large and ripens all summer; black, sub-acid. **4-5 ft. 75c**

RUSSIAN—Vigorous and hardy in growth; good for windbreaks or other protection; fruit small but produced in immense quantity. **5-6 ft. 75c**

NEW AMERICAN—Very hardy tree, is vigorous grower and a great producer of excellent fruit. Ripens June till fall. **4-5 ft. 75c**

To get the full flavors of small fruits you must pick them fresh from your own garden. The flavor and aroma is lost in shipment.

STRAWBERRIES

\$1.00 per Hundred \$7.00 per Thousand

Varieties marked imperfect will not bear when planted alone, but must have a perfect alloom planted at least every third row. Varieties marked Perfect will bear when planted alone.

HOWARD 17—A perfect variety, beginning to ripen two weeks before the common varieties and produces a big crop of solid berries.

SAMPLE (Imp)—Berries continue large to the last, colors all over at once; a good producer; one of the most profitable; ripens midseason.

PARSON'S BEAUTY (Per)—Good both for home use and market, fruit large, is bright red to the center, medium early and well flavored, plants vigorous and strong growers.

PREMIER (Per)—Fruit large, very early, well colored, good quality, plant is a strong grower and good producer.

WM. BELT (Per)—Most excellent quality; large size, bright red, good producer and shipper; ripens late.

PROGRESSIVE (Per)—This is an ever-bearing variety and has proven to be the best one for this purpose. Berries begin to ripen in June and they continue until frost. Dark red and glossy; of good quality; hardy.

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Evergreen, Stock.....	8
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